

Two-Way ANOVA

R Handout

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```
> options(show.signif.stars=FALSE)
> library(NCStats)
> library(multcomp)      # for glht()
```

Bacteria Example

What is the optimal temperature (27,35,43C) and concentration (0.6,0.8,1.0,1.2,1.4% by weight) of the nutrient, tryptone, for culturing the *Staphylococcus aureus* bacterium. Each treatment was repeated twice. The number of bacteria (millions Colony Forming Units (CFU)/mL) was recorded in Bacteria.csv.

```
> setwd("C:/aaaWork/Web/GitHub/NCMTH207/modules/Anova-2Way")
> bact <- read.csv("Bacteria.csv")
> str(bact)
```

```
'data.frame':   30 obs. of  3 variables:
 $ temp : int  27 27 27 27 27 35 35 35 35 35 ...
 $ conc  : num  0.6 0.8 1 1.2 1.4 0.6 0.8 1 1.2 1.4 ...
 $ cells: int  55 120 186 260 151 82 166 179 223 178 ...
```

```
> bact$temp <- factor(bact$temp)
> bact$conc <- factor(bact$conc)
```

```
> ylbl <- "Mean Number of Cells"
> conclbl <- "Concentration (%)"
> templbl <- "Temperature (C)"
```

Initial Summaries

```
> Summarize(cells~temp*conc, data=bact, digits=0)
```

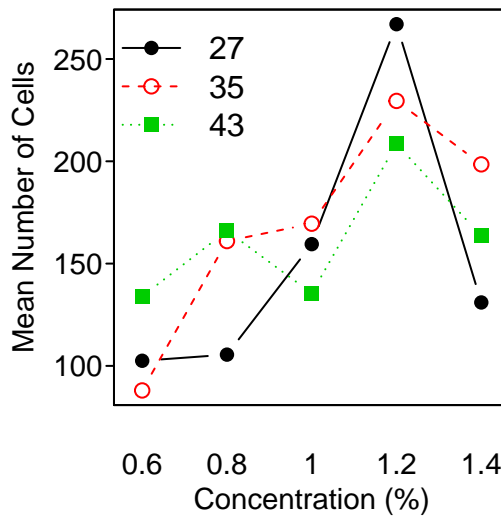
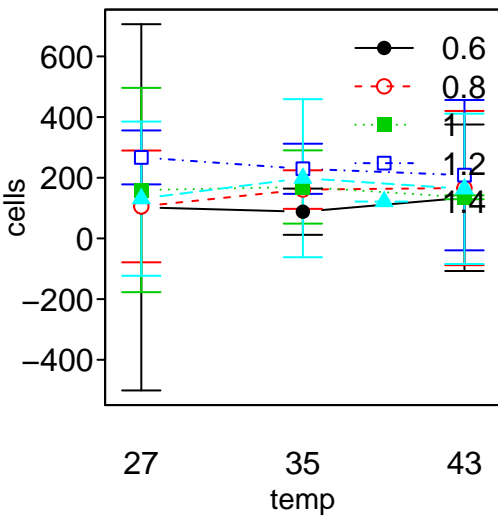
	temp	conc	n	mean	sd	min	Q1	median	Q3	max
1	27	0.6	2	102	67	55	79	102	126	150
2	35	0.6	2	88	8	82	85	88	91	94
3	43	0.6	2	134	27	115	124	134	144	153
4	27	0.8	2	106	21	91	98	106	113	120
5	35	0.8	2	161	7	156	158	161	164	166
6	43	0.8	2	166	28	146	156	166	176	186
7	27	1	2	160	37	133	146	160	173	186
8	35	1	2	170	13	160	165	170	174	179
9	43	1	2	136	1	135	135	136	136	136
10	27	1.2	2	267	10	260	264	267	270	274
11	35	1.2	2	230	9	223	226	230	233	236
12	43	1.2	2	208	28	189	199	208	218	228
13	27	1.4	2	131	28	111	121	131	141	151
14	35	1.4	2	198	29	178	188	198	209	219
15	43	1.4	2	164	28	144	154	164	173	183

Model Fitting and Summary

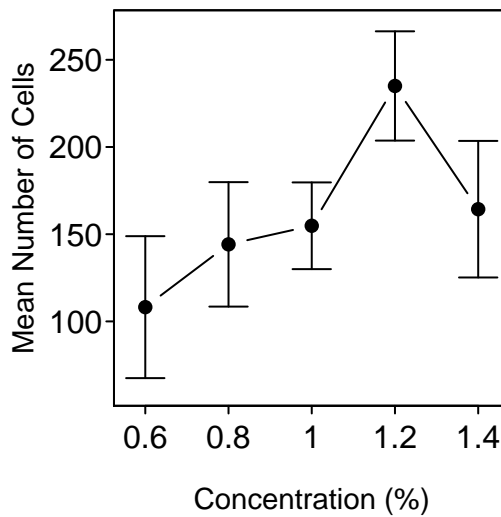
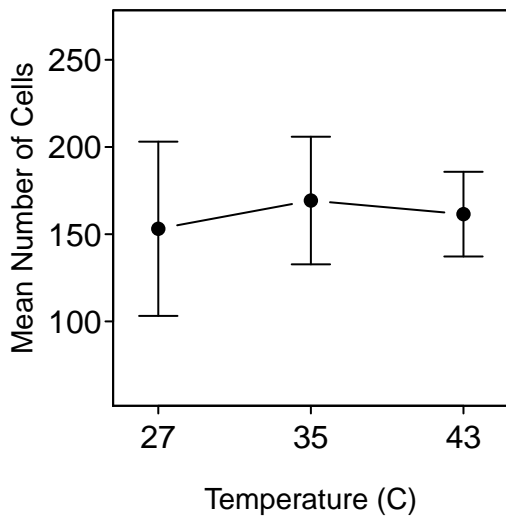
```
> lm1 <- lm(cells~temp*conc,data=bact)
> anova(lm1)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
temp	2	1313	656.4	0.8557	0.44473
conc	4	51596	12899.1	16.8154	2.041e-05
temp:conc	8	14703	1837.8	2.3958	0.06886
Residuals	15	11507	767.1		

```
> fitPlot(lm1) # left
> fitPlot(lm1,interval=FALSE,change.order=TRUE,xlab=conclbl,ylab=ylbl,legend="topleft")
```



```
> fitPlot(lm1,which="temp",ylim=c(60,270),xlab=templbl,ylab=ylbl) # left
> fitPlot(lm1,which="conc",ylim=c(60,270),xlab=conclbl,ylab=ylbl)
```

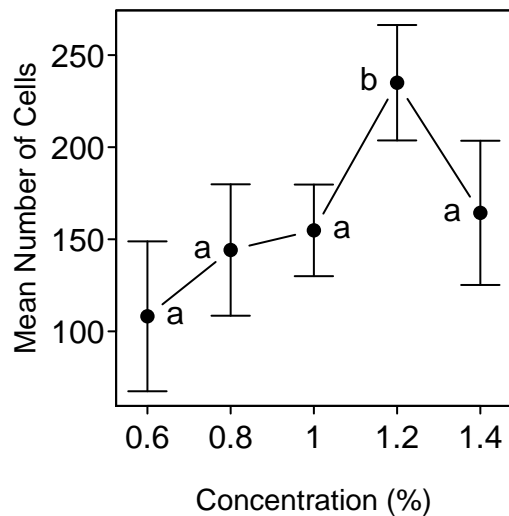


Multiple Comparisons

```
> bact.mc1 <- glht(lm1,mcp(conc="Tukey"))  
> summary(bact.mc1)
```

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	p value
0.8 - 0.6 = 0	3.0	27.69657	0.1083167	0.9999648903
1 - 0.6 = 0	57.0	27.69657	2.0580166	0.2872759080
1.2 - 0.6 = 0	164.5	27.69657	5.9393636	0.0002462630
1.4 - 0.6 = 0	28.5	27.69657	1.0290083	0.8381774286
1 - 0.8 = 0	54.0	27.69657	1.9496999	0.3350483881
1.2 - 0.8 = 0	161.5	27.69657	5.8310469	0.0002615302
1.4 - 0.8 = 0	25.5	27.69657	0.9206916	0.8845090262
1.2 - 1 = 0	107.5	27.69657	3.8813470	0.0109916643
1.4 - 1 = 0	-28.5	27.69657	-1.0290083	0.8381765225
1.4 - 1.2 = 0	-136.0	27.69657	-4.9103553	0.0015469390

```
> fitPlot(lm1,which="conc",xlab=conclbl,ylab=y1bl)  
> addSigLetters(lm1,which="conc",lets=c("a","a","a","b","a"),pos=c(4,2,4,2,2))
```



Soil Phosphorous Example

Soil phosphorous is important for the invasion of native vegetation by exotic weeds. Clements (1983) studied the soil phosphorous near Sydney (Australia) to determine how soil phosphorous varied with topographical location and soil type. Bushland sites were chosen in Brisbane Waters National Park, Ku-ring-gai Chase National Park, and Royal National Park as these areas were relatively unaffected by suburban development, were free from immediate roadside or track effects, and had not been burned for at least two years. Shale-derived and sandstone-derived soils in four topographic locations were examined with three 250 m² quadrats in each of the eight combinations of soil type and topography. Cores of soil of 75 mm depth and 25 mm diameter, free from surface litter, were collected from each of five randomly selected points in each quadrat. The five soil samples were pooled and the total soil phosphorous (ppm) was determined for each pooled sample. Determine the effect of soil type and topography on total soil phosphorous level.

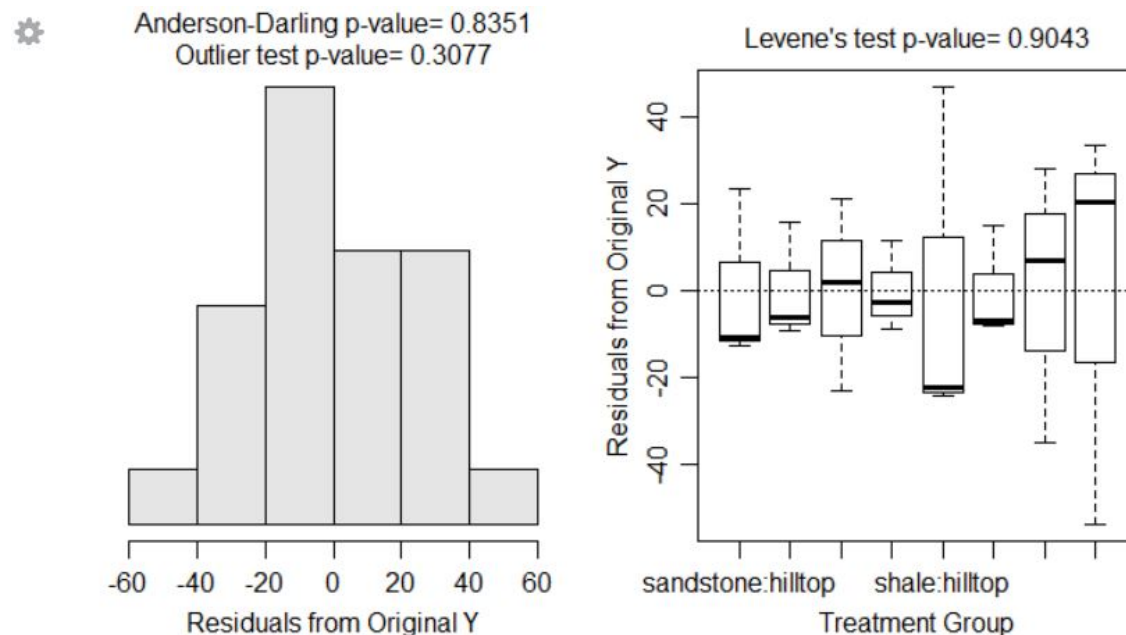
```
> sp <- read.csv("SoilPhosphorous.csv")
> str(sp)
```

```
'data.frame':  24 obs. of  3 variables:
 $ soil: Factor w/ 2 levels "sandstone","shale": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
 $ topo: Factor w/ 4 levels "hilltop","north",...: 4 4 4 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 ...
 $ phos: int  98 172 185 78 77 100 117 54 96 83 ...
```

Analysis

```
> lm1 <- lm(phos~soil*topo,data=sp)
```

```
> transChooser(lm1)
```



```
> anova(lm1)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
soil	1	17876.0	17876.0	22.9818	0.0001988
topo	3	9693.8	3231.3	4.1542	0.0235128
soil:topo	3	11390.8	3796.9	4.8814	0.0134826
Residuals	16	12445.3	777.8		

```
> sp$comb <- sp$soil:sp$topo
> headtail(sp)
```

```
      soil   topo phos      comb
1    shale valley  98    shale:valley
2    shale valley 172    shale:valley
3    shale valley 185    shale:valley
22 sandstone hilltop 55 sandstone:hilltop
23 sandstone hilltop 21 sandstone:hilltop
24 sandstone hilltop 19 sandstone:hilltop
```

```
> lm1a <- lm(phos~comb,data=sp)
> anova(lm1a)
```

```
      Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
comb     7  38961  5565.8   7.1555 0.0005729
Residuals 16  12445   777.8
```

```
> spint.mc <- glht(lm1a, mcp(comb="Tukey"))
> summary(spint.mc)
```

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	p value
sandstone:north - sandstone:hilltop = 0	1.666667	22.77181	0.07318989	0.999999999
sandstone:south - sandstone:hilltop = 0	19.333333	22.77181	0.84900274	0.986833482
sandstone:valley - sandstone:hilltop = 0	-4.000000	22.77181	-0.17565574	0.999999583
shale:hilltop - sandstone:hilltop = 0	4.666667	22.77181	0.20493170	0.999998782
shale:north - sandstone:hilltop = 0	53.333333	22.77181	2.34207653	0.329916887
shale:south - sandstone:hilltop = 0	57.333333	22.77181	2.51773227	0.255481523
shale:valley - sandstone:hilltop = 0	120.000000	22.77181	5.26967219	0.001471795
sandstone:south - sandstone:north = 0	17.666667	22.77181	0.77581285	0.992184512
sandstone:valley - sandstone:north = 0	-5.666667	22.77181	-0.24884563	0.999995346
shale:hilltop - sandstone:north = 0	3.000000	22.77181	0.13174180	0.999999943
shale:north - sandstone:north = 0	51.666667	22.77181	2.26888664	0.365316750
shale:south - sandstone:north = 0	55.666667	22.77181	2.44454238	0.284894037
shale:valley - sandstone:north = 0	118.333333	22.77181	5.19648230	0.001733065
sandstone:valley - sandstone:south = 0	-23.333333	22.77181	-1.02465848	0.963511327
shale:hilltop - sandstone:south = 0	-14.666667	22.77181	-0.64407105	0.997460536
shale:north - sandstone:south = 0	34.000000	22.77181	1.49307379	0.800343137
shale:south - sandstone:south = 0	38.000000	22.77181	1.66872953	0.705175648
shale:valley - sandstone:south = 0	100.666667	22.77181	4.42066945	0.007753747
shale:hilltop - sandstone:valley = 0	8.666667	22.77181	0.38058744	0.999916810
shale:north - sandstone:valley = 0	57.333333	22.77181	2.51773227	0.255502242
shale:south - sandstone:valley = 0	61.333333	22.77181	2.69338801	0.194196739
shale:valley - sandstone:valley = 0	124.000000	22.77181	5.44532793	0.001034456
shale:north - shale:hilltop = 0	48.666667	22.77181	2.13714483	0.433310219
shale:south - shale:hilltop = 0	52.666667	22.77181	2.31280057	0.343872870
shale:valley - shale:hilltop = 0	115.333333	22.77181	5.06474050	0.002235771
shale:south - shale:north = 0	4.000000	22.77181	0.17565574	0.999999580
shale:valley - shale:north = 0	66.666667	22.77181	2.92759566	0.130670832
shale:valley - shale:south = 0	62.666667	22.77181	2.75193992	0.176254471

```
> glhtSig(spint.mc)
```

```
[1] "shale:valley - sandstone:hilltop" "shale:valley - sandstone:north"
[3] "shale:valley - sandstone:south"   "shale:valley - sandstone:valley"
[5] "shale:valley - shale:hilltop"
```

```
> cld(spint.mc)
```

```
sandstone:hilltop    sandstone:north    sandstone:south    sandstone:valley    shale:hilltop  
                    "a"                    "a"                    "a"                    "a"                    "a"  
                    shale:north            shale:south            shale:valley  
                    "ab"                    "ab"                    "b"
```

```
> fitPlot(lm1,change.order=TRUE,interval=FALSE,main="",ylim=c(20,160),  
          ylab="Mean Phosphorous Level",xlab="Topographic Location",legend="topleft")  
> addSigLetters(lm1,change.order=TRUE,lets=c("a","a","a","ab","a","ab","a","b"),  
               pos=c(1,3,1,3,1,1,3,1))
```

