

One-Way ANOVA

R Handout

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```
> options(show.signif.stars=FALSE)
> library(NCStats)
> library(multcomp)      # for glht()
```

Raspberry Example

A researcher is interested in the effect of irrigation on fruit production by raspberry plants. The researcher has determined that he will examine the effects of 100 ml (a maintenance amount), 200, 400, and 800 ml of water per pot. The researcher had 16 identical planting pots available and much more than that number of raspberry plant seedlings. A square table for growing the plants in a greenhouse is available. He had enough time to let the plants mature (i.e., produce berries) or not. At the end of this period, the total weight (g) of mature berries was recorded.

```
> setwd("C:/aaaWork/Web/GitHub/NCMTH207/modules/Anova-1Way")
> rasp <- read.csv("Raspberry.csv")
> str(rasp)
```

```
'data.frame':   16 obs. of  2 variables:
 $ water : int  100 100 100 100 200 200 200 200 400 400 ...
 $ weight: num  8.1 10.9 11.1 13.9 12.2 11.5 11.4 6.8 6.5 5.5 ...
```

```
> rasp$water <- factor(rasp$water)
> str(rasp)
```

```
'data.frame':   16 obs. of  2 variables:
 $ water : Factor w/ 4 levels "100","200","400",...: 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 ...
 $ weight: num  8.1 10.9 11.1 13.9 12.2 11.5 11.4 6.8 6.5 5.5 ...
```

Fitting the Linear Model

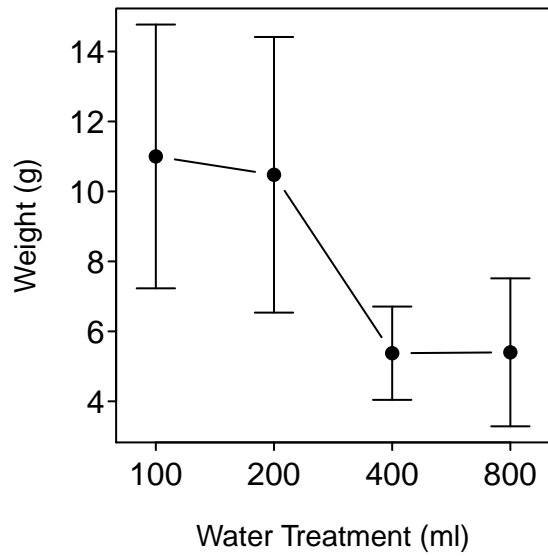
```
> lm1 <- lm(weight~water,data=rasp)
> anova(lm1)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
water	3	115.042	38.347	10.793	0.001004
Residuals	12	42.635	3.553		

```
> cbind(Ests=coef(lm1),confint(lm1))
```

	Ests	2.5 %	97.5 %
(Intercept)	11.000	8.946558	13.053442
water200	-0.525	-3.429006	2.379006
water400	-5.625	-8.529006	-2.720994
water800	-5.600	-8.504006	-2.695994

```
> fitPlot(lm1,xlab="Water Treatment (ml)",ylab="Weight (g)")
```

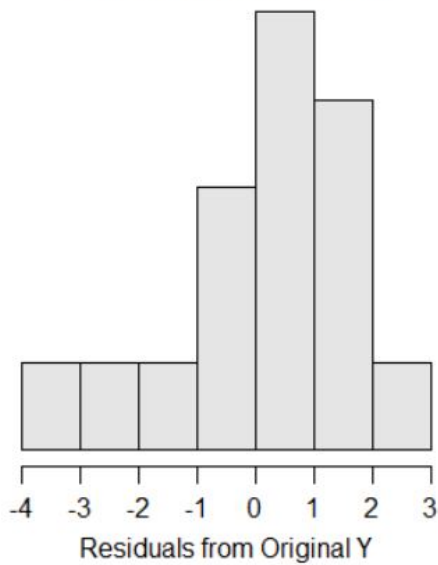


Checking Assumptions

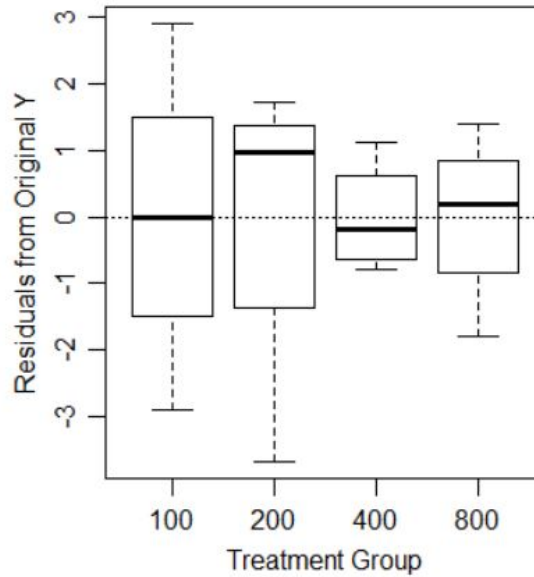
```
> transChooser(lm1)
```



Anderson-Darling p-value= 0.2688
Outlier test p-value= 0.2591



Levene's test p-value= 0.8069



Multiple Comparison Tests

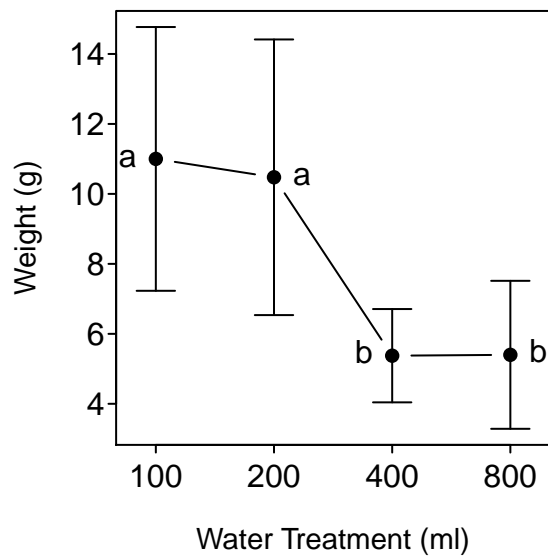
```
> rasp.mc <- glht(lm1, mcp(water = "Tukey"))  
> summary(rasp.mc)
```

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	p value
200 - 100 = 0	-0.525	1.332838	-0.39389620	0.978319180
400 - 100 = 0	-5.625	1.332838	-4.22031642	0.005773702
800 - 100 = 0	-5.600	1.332838	-4.20155946	0.005838668
400 - 200 = 0	-5.100	1.332838	-3.82642022	0.011056731
800 - 200 = 0	-5.075	1.332838	-3.80766326	0.011500122
800 - 400 = 0	0.025	1.332838	0.01875696	0.999997482

```
> confint(rasp.mc)
```

	Estimate	lwr	upr
200 - 100	-0.525	-4.489722	3.439722
400 - 100	-5.625	-9.589722	-1.660278
800 - 100	-5.600	-9.564722	-1.635278
400 - 200	-5.100	-9.064722	-1.135278
800 - 200	-5.075	-9.039722	-1.110278
800 - 400	0.025	-3.939722	3.989722

```
> fitPlot(lm1,xlab="Water Treatment (ml)",ylab="Weight (g)")  
> addSigLetters(lm1,lets=c("a","a","b","b"),pos=c(2,4,2,4))
```



Benthic Infaunal Example

To examine the effect of effluent releases on benthic organisms in the release area, researchers recorded the total abundance of benthic organisms at eight haphazardly-selected sublocations at each of eight control locations (thought to have not been impacted by the effluent release) and one potentially impacted location. Use the data in `BenthicInfaunal.csv` to determine if the mean abundance of benthic organisms differs between the locations (and, especially, if the impacted location differs from any of the control locations).

```
> ben <- read.csv("BenthicInfaunal.csv")
> ben$site <- factor(ben$site)
> str(ben)
```

```
'data.frame': 72 obs. of 2 variables:
 $ site      : Factor w/ 9 levels "1","2","3","4",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 ...
 $ abundance: num 14.4 20.4 21.2 17.6 29 ...
```

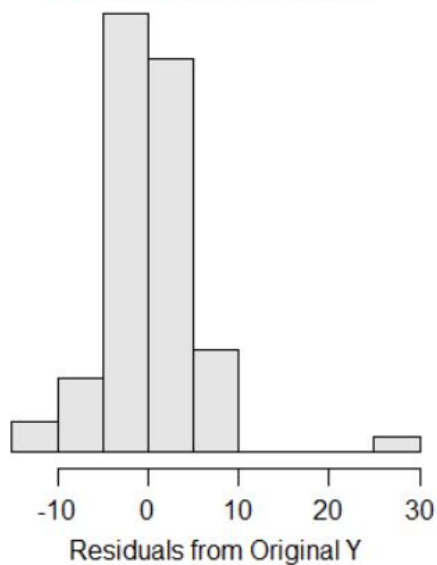
Assumption Checking with Possible Transformations

```
> lm2 <- lm(abundance~site,data=ben)
```

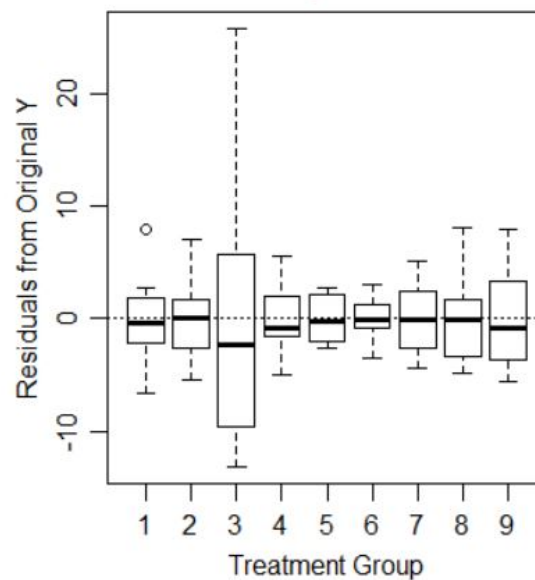
```
> transChooser(lm2)
```



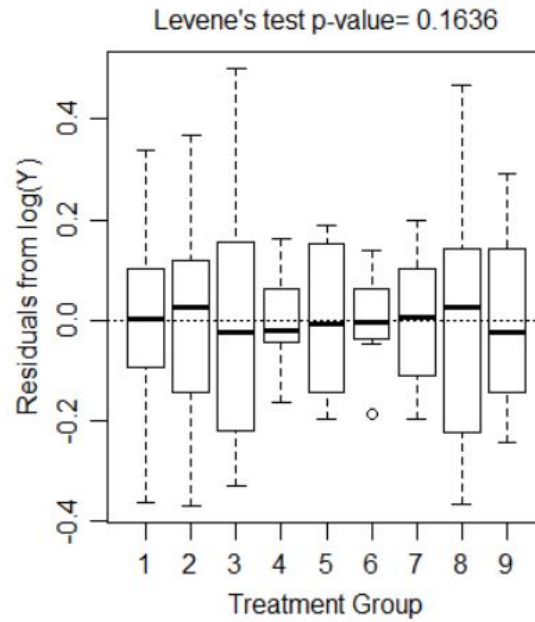
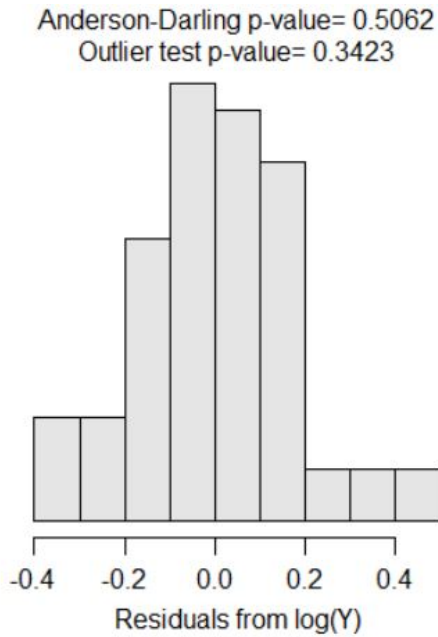
Anderson-Darling p-value= 0.0003
Outlier test p-value= 0.0000



Levene's test p-value= 0.0037



```
> transChooser(lm2) # interactively adjust lambdas
```



```
> ben$logab <- log(ben$abundance)
> lm3 <- lm(logab~site,data=ben)
```

Model Summarization

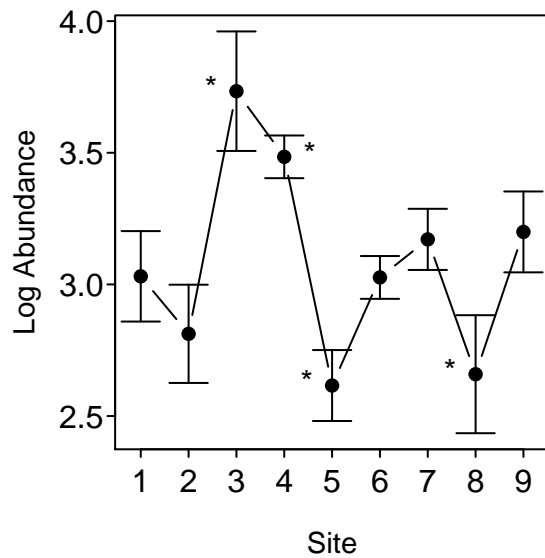
```
> anova(lm3)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
site	8	8.6683	1.08353	29.066	< 2.2e-16
Residuals	63	2.3485	0.03728		

```
> ben.mc <- glht(lm3, mcp(site = "Dunnett"))
> summary(ben.mc)
```

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	p value
2 - 1 = 0	-0.21843454	0.09653725	-2.26269698	1.455705e-01
3 - 1 = 0	0.70318863	0.09653725	7.28411718	1.461364e-09
4 - 1 = 0	0.45383639	0.09653725	4.70115314	1.206150e-04
5 - 1 = 0	-0.41485933	0.09653725	-4.29740160	4.390364e-04
6 - 1 = 0	-0.00423765	0.09653725	-0.04389653	1.000000e+00
7 - 1 = 0	0.14028047	0.09653725	1.45312275	5.798281e-01
8 - 1 = 0	-0.37186732	0.09653725	-3.85206051	1.980045e-03
9 - 1 = 0	0.16866808	0.09653725	1.74718135	3.794848e-01

```
> fitPlot(lm3,ylab="Log Abundance",xlab="Site")
> addSigLetters(lm3,lets=c("", "", "*", "*", "*", "", "", "*", ""),pos=c(2,4,2,4,2,2,4,2,4))
```



```
> confint(ben.mc)
```

	Estimate	lwr	upr
2 - 1	-0.21843454	-0.4818813	0.04501224
3 - 1	0.70318863	0.4397418	0.96663541
4 - 1	0.45383639	0.1903896	0.71728317
5 - 1	-0.41485933	-0.6783061	-0.15141255
6 - 1	-0.00423765	-0.2676844	0.25920913
7 - 1	0.14028047	-0.1231663	0.40372725
8 - 1	-0.37186732	-0.6353141	-0.10842054
9 - 1	0.16866808	-0.0947787	0.43211486

```
> exp(confint(ben.mc)$confint)
```

	Estimate	lwr	upr
2 - 1	0.8037761	0.6176359	1.0460143
3 - 1	2.0201841	1.5523456	2.6290175
4 - 1	1.5743404	1.2097513	2.0488076
5 - 1	0.6604332	0.5074887	0.8594714
6 - 1	0.9957713	0.7651685	1.2958721
7 - 1	1.1505965	0.8841389	1.4973577
8 - 1	0.6894457	0.5297824	0.8972275
9 - 1	1.1837272	0.9095971	1.5404732